

## NOx module (A) - Replacing molybdenum converter

Over time, the molybdenum in the NO2 converter oxidizes and loses its original capacity of converting NO2 into NO, eventually resulting in a decreased converter efficiency (CE). Even though we recommend changing the converter if CE drops below 95%, the analyzer's firmware allows to adjust minor deviations of the CE from 1.000 and enables to report the true concentrations of NO2 and NOx. Converter efficiency is stored in the instrument's memory as a decimal fraction that is multiplied with the NO2 and NOx measurements to calculate the final concentrations for each. Periodically, this efficiency factor must be measured and—if it has changed from previous measurements—entered into the analyzer's memory.

- 1- Tools you need
  - Wrenches <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" and 7/16"
  - 1 big flat screwdriver
- Locate the molybdenum converter in the NOx module Sensor Interface Valve Heater 3 Ozone Generator Dryer Molybdenum Converter + O3 Destroyer Capillary Critical orifice Reaction Cell Cleanser Zero/Span Valve Internal Span Module Flow Sensor **Pressure Sensor** (optional) **DFU Filter**
- 2- Turn off and unplug the airpointer. Pull out the NOx module drawer

The converter operates at 315°C. Severe burns can result if the assembly is not allowed to cool. Do not handle the assembly until it is at room temperature. This may take several hours.



4- Disconnect the 2 electrical connections (heater and thermocouple) and the 4 pneumatic connections (2 from the molybdenum converter and 2 from the ozone destroyer)



- 5- Remove the top lid of the converter as well as the top layers of the insulation until the converter cartridge can be seen
- 6- Remove the converter assembly (cartridge + band heater) from the can. Make a note of the alignment of the tubes relative to the heater cartridge.





7- Unscrew the band heater and loosen it, take out the old converter cartridge



- 8- Put the band heater in the new replacement cartridge. For easier way of the thread you can grease it with a high-temperature anti-seize agent such as copper paste
- 9- Replace the converter assembly, route the cables through the holes in the can and reconnect them properly. Reconnect the grounding clamp around the heater leads for safe operation
- 10- Reattach the 4 tube fittings to the converter and replace the insulation and top lid of the can
- 11- Slide in the NOx module and power up the airpointer
- 12- Allow the converter to burn-in for 24 hours, then recalibrate the NOx module